



## Satan's Throne Revealed At Last!!

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St. Peter said:

"Be sober, be vigilant; because your adversary the devil, as a roaring lion, walketh about, seeking whom he may devour" (I St. Peter 5:8).

"Silver and gold have I none; but such as I have give I thee: In the name of Jesus Christ of Nazareth rise up and walk" (Acts 3:6).

"Neither is there salvation in any other name but JESUS: for there is no other name under heaven given among men whereby we must be saved" (Acts 4:12).

Since St. Peter had neither silver or gold; the *keys* of St. Peter *cannot* be the *keys* of the kingdom of heaven . . . but must be the *keys* of the SAFE or the STRONGBOX!!



Roman goddess  
Cybele with lion.



Vatican City is built over the  
temple of Cybele in Rome.



[Plaza de los Cibiles in Madrid, Spain.](#)

The Lord Jesus Christ said:

"And to the angel of the congregation in **PERGAMOS** write; These things saith he which hath the sharp sword with two edges; I know thy works, and where thou dwellest, **even where Satan's THRONE is**: and thou holdest fast my name, and hast not denied my faith, even in those days wherein Antipas was my faithful martyr, who was slain among you, where Satan lives.

But I have a few things against thee, because thou hast there them that hold the

doctrine of Balaam, who taught Balac to cast a stumblingblock before the children of Israel, to eat things sacrificed unto idols, and to commit fornication. So hast thou also them that hold the doctrine of the Nicolaitanes, which thing I hate.

Repent; or else I will come unto thee quickly, and will fight against them with the sword of my mouth.

He that hath an ear, let him hear what the Spirit saith unto the congregations; To him that overcometh will I give to eat of the hidden manna, and will give him a **WHITE STONE**, and in the stone a new name written, which no man knoweth saving he that receiveth it." (Revelation 2:12-17).

The Apostle John wrote these words while a prisoner of the Emperor Domitian on the isle of Patmos in the Aegean Sea. This was in the year 95 A.D.

## PERGAMOS was a CODE NAME for ROME!!



Roman Emperor Domitian.  
(Emperor from 81-96 A.D.).

Saint John was exiled to the island of Patmos by Emperor Domitian around 95 A.D.

While on that island, he wrote the Book of Revelation—the last book of the Bible—and God's FINAL revelation to mankind.

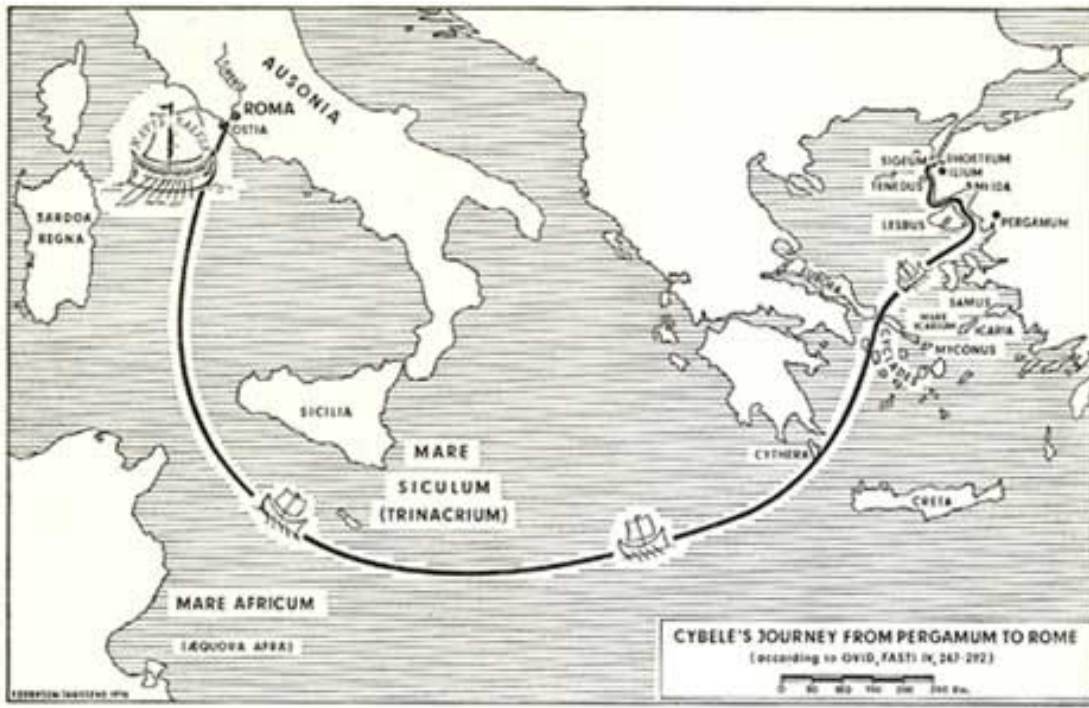


Saint John on Patmos.

## Cybele was taken from Pergamos to Rome in 204 B.C.

The great mother goddess Cybele was taken from Pergamos to Rome in 204 B.C. When Cyrus the Great conquered Babylon in 539 B.C., he forced the pagan Babylonian priesthood to flee westward—to PERGAMOS—in present day Turkey.

There the seat of Satan was re-established with all the filthy, perverted rites of the mother goddess worship.



The lion goddess  
Cybele.

Cybele's journey from Pegamum to Rome in 204 B.C.

She became the  
protectress of the  
Roman Empire.

Cybele was received with full honors by the leading citizens of Rome. The Roman Pontifex Maximus welcomed her and she became the great MAGNA MATER or "holy" mother of Rome:

"When Cybele made her entrance in Rome she was the goddess who, coming from the old country, was to grant victory to the new. So it is hardly surprising that she was first temporarily housed in the temple of Victoria. In the very same year the construction of a temple was entrusted to the censors M. Livius Salinator and C. Claudius Nero. After 13 years—the long period was certainly due to the difficulties of those days—the building was dedicated by the praetor M. Junius Brutus on 10 April 191 B.C. The new excavations by Pietro Romanelli in 1951 showed that there is scarcely anything left of this building (pl. 31). The anniversary of the inauguration of this temple was celebrated annually." (Vermaseren, *Cybele and Attis*, p. 41.)

**Cybele's priests were CASTRATED men with LONG HAIR!!**

The filthy rites of Cybele worship included men turning themselves into women—to honor the goddess!!



A castrated priest of Cybele called a GALLUS.

Cybele had a consort named Attis who was supposed to have emasculated himself. In his memory, and to please the goddess, her devotees mutilated themselves:

"These galli took the cock *gallus* as their symbol, as is evident from a pun on the funeral urn *cista* of the archigallus M. Modius Maximus at Ostia. But according to others their name was derived from King Gallus, who in a state of frenzy had emasculated himself, or from the river Gallus a tributary of the Sangarios near Pessinus, where according to a legend the baby Attis had been abandoned as a foundling and on whose banks he is said to have emasculated himself." (Vermaseren, *Cybele and Attis*, p. 96).

Because of their bizarre rites and disgusting behavior, Romans were not allowed to serve as priests of Cybele until the time of the Emperor Claudius.

It was the very voluntary nature of this castration that bewildered the Romans as an incomprehensible act of insanity.

These priests of Cybele shocked the Romans at first but gradually they were accepted and practiced their devilish rites in public:

"A further irritating factor was that the gallus indulged in an extravagant personal appearance. On the day of blood (*dies sanguinis*) he forever discarded his male attire; henceforth he wore a long garment (*stola*), mostly yellow or many coloured with long sleeves and a belt. On their heads these priests wore a *mitra*, a sort of turban, or a *tiara*, the cap with long ear flaps which could be tied under the chin. The chest was adorned with ornaments, and sometimes they wore ornamental reliefs, pendants, ear-rings and finger-rings. They also wore their hair long, which earned for them the epithet of "long-haired," they sometimes dedicated a lock of hair to the goddess. By preference they had their hair bleached. On the day of mourning for Attis they ran around wildly with disheveled hair, but otherwise they had their hair dressed and waved like women. Sometimes they were heavily made up, their faces resembling white washed walls. The galli were also very conspicuous when they showed themselves in the city outside the temple precincts. With a procession of enthusiastic followers they wandered about begging; in exchange for alms they were prepared to tell people's fortunes (*vaticinari*); they performed their dances to shrill music of the pipes and the dull beat of the tambourine. When the deity entered into them and they were possessed by divine power they flogged themselves until the blood came." (Vermaseren, *Cybele and Attis*, p. 97).

Cybele worship was associated with a BLACK STONE or meteorite!!

Cybele worship was associated with a BLACK STONE or meteorite that had fallen from the sky:



The tower on Cybele's head is a reminder of the Tower of Babel—the scene of the first great apostasy after the great Flood of Noah.

"Varro states that the goddess was brought from a shrine called the Megalesion in the city of Pergamon while Ovid located the Mother's home on Mount Ida near the ancient city of Troy, which was under Pergamene control at that time. Livy seems to combine the two traditions in reporting that the Romans sought the help of the Pergamene king Attalos I in obtaining the goddess from Pessinous. Precisely what the Romans obtained is described in several sources: **it was a small dark sacred stone not formed into any iconographic image, that had fallen to the shrine of Pessinous from the sky.**"(Roller, *In Search of God the Mother*, p. 265).

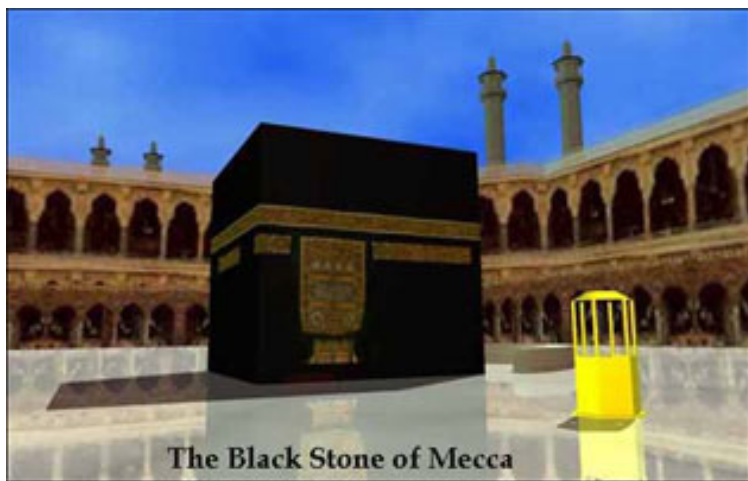
This MAGIC STONE has not been found in any of the excavations of the city of Rome!!

Finding this "LOST" black stone would be one of the greatest archeological discoveries of ALL time:

"The sanctuary was used until the fifth century A.D. The historian Zosimus narrates the story of Serena, daughter of Theodosius the Great, and wife of his minister, the Vandal Stilicho. She went into the temple, removed a beautiful necklace from the statue and hung it around her own neck. The last remaining Vestal Virgin, an old woman, happened to be in the temple, and courageously reprimanded Serena, pointing out the sacrilegious nature of her action. **The excavation of this temple, which began as far back as 1872, has not yet brought to light the black meteorite.** In fact this sacred place and its surroundings have never been thoroughly examined, although the 1952 excavations have brought some issues closer to a solution, such as the Attis question." (Vermaseren, *Cybele and Attis*, p. 43).

**Cybele's BLACK STONE is at MECCA!**

The missing BLACK STONE is now at Mecca and continues to be worshipped by millions of people.



The BLACK STONE of Cybele at Mecca.

The diabolical story of how Islam was founded by the Vatican is told [here](#).

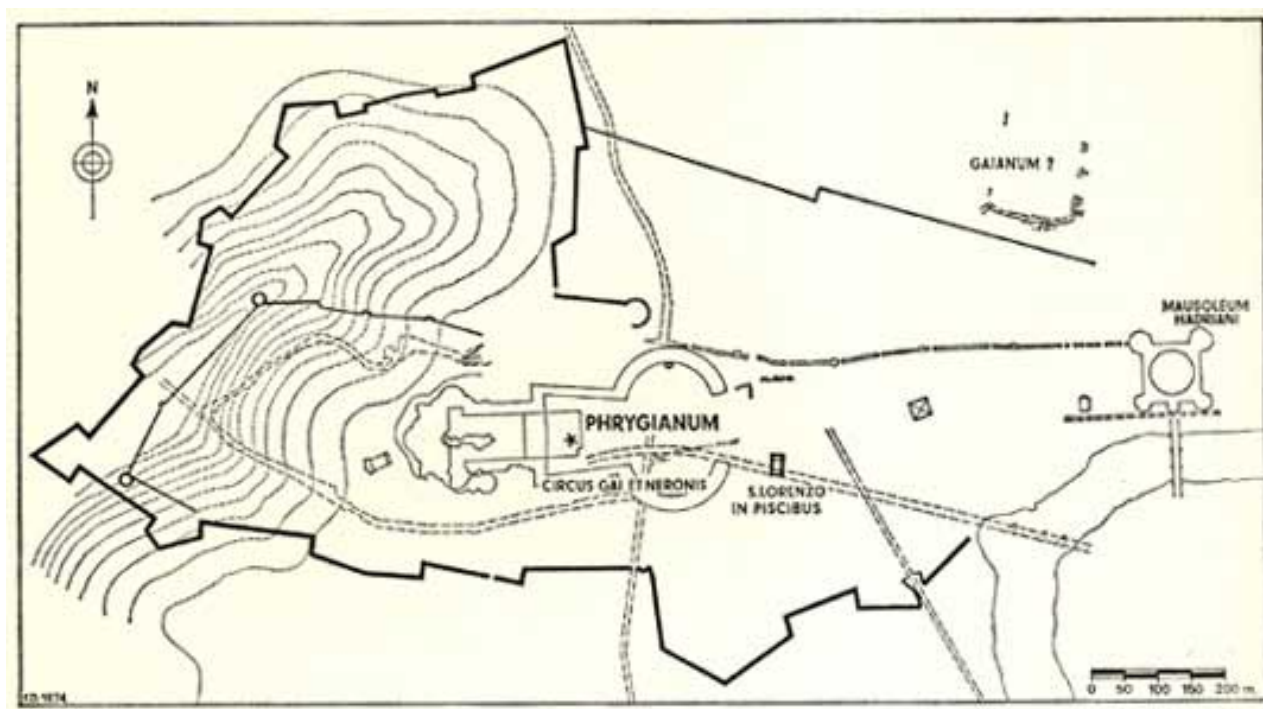
The magic stone was brought from Rome to Mecca and set up for the Arabs to worship.

About 100 years after the founding of Islam, huge Arab armies conquered North Africa and in 711 were "invited" to invade Spain.

They never left until 1492 —the same year Pope Alexander VI bought the Papacy, and Columbus sailed for the island of Santo Domingo.

800 years of war with the Moslem Moors produced the merciless, cruel, bigoted Spanish Inquisition and the Borgia crime family which gave the New World to Spain.

## The Vatican was built over the Temple of Cybele!!



The site of the temple of Cybele (Phrygianum) at the Vatican.

Here is another quote from the great Dutch archeologist Professor Maarten J. Vermaseren:

"From a great number of inscriptions, in both Greek and Latin, we know that there was a

sanctuary of Cybele and Attis on the other side of the Tiber, close to the Circus of Gaius (Caliglua) and Nero (fig. 17). In an old description of Rome it is referred to as the *Phrygianum*. Since in 1609 most of the altars were found below the facade of St Peter's, on the Piazza San Pietro or in its immediate surroundings it must be assumed that the building was situated there. But up till now it has not been excavated. From the extent of the area throughout which these scattered finds were made it may be concluded that this temple, just like the one at Ostia, probably had sacred grounds, where the monuments stood in the open air. Practically all these altars had been erected to commemorate a *taurobolium* or a *criobolium*, and they are sometimes decorated with extremely beautiful reliefs. Consequently it is clear that these ceremonies were exclusively performed here on the Vatican Hill, and not on the Palatine. Most of the altars date from the fourth century AD, but with a gap of twenty-eight years. Practically all archaeologists associate this period in which no altars were erected with the first construction of St. Peter's by Constantine. The enormous building activity in this area made it inconvenient for the followers of the "Phrygian" cult to carry out their rites in peace. It is now known when the Phrygianum was built, but it is highly probable that this took place under Antoninus Pius, if not earlier, in the first century under the emperor Claudius. The sanctuary became so famous that soon Gaul (Lyons) and later Germany (Mainz-Kastell) each claimed to have its own Vaticanum, although in the case of Lyons many prefer to link the expression *ex Vaticano transtulit* (he transferred from the Vatican) with the Rome *Vaticanum*." (Vermaseren, *Cybele and Attis*, pp. 45-46).

## Plagues for adding to the Word of God!!

The final book of the Bible is the Book of Revelation. The final warning in that Book is not to ADD ANYTHING to His completed Word.

Jesus threatened dire consequences for those who ADD to his word e.g. the Koran, Hadith, Canon Laws, Papal Bulls, Decrees of Councils, Book of Mormon etc. etc.

"For I (JESUS) testify unto every man that heareth the words of the prophecy of this book, If any man shall ADD unto these things, God shall add unto him the plagues that are written in this book" (Revelation 22:18).

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### Vital Links

[The Vatican and Islam](#)

[The Black Stone](#)

[Plaza de los Cibiles in Madrid, Spain](#)

[The Book of Revelation—God's FINAL message to mankind](#)

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### References

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*his Wife*. Loizeau Bros., Neptune, New Jersey, 1916.

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